

Table 25a Welsh housing conditions: unfit dwellings

Thousands

	Old definition of unfitness				Current definition of unfitness				
	1973	1976	1981	1986	1986	1993	1998	2004	2008
Fit	837.3	917.8	936.0	949.0	821.7	980.5	1,059.1	1,151.4	1,216.3
Unfit	147.5	100.2	90.9	71.7	199.0	151.2	98.2	57.7	52.1
Total	984.8	1,018.0	1,026.9	1,020.7	1,020.7	1,131.7	1,157.3	1,209.1	1,268.4
Percentage unfit	15.0	9.8	8.9	7.0	19.5	13.4	8.5	4.8	4.1

Source: Living in Wales 2008 – Housing Health and Safety Rating System; Statistics for Wales, 2010.

Note: Unfitness is measured against eleven factors (disrepair, dampness, structural stability, food preparation, heating, lighting, WC, bath/shower/wash basin, ventilation, drainage, water supply). Before 1989 unfit was judged in terms of the condition of the property. Post-1989 a dwelling is defined as unfit if it fails to meet a satisfactory standard for any individual factor. The change in definition significantly increased the number of dwellings defined as unfit.

Table 25b Welsh housing conditions: stock condition and energy efficiency by tenure in 2008

Tenure	Unfit	Dwellings with HHSRS category 1 hazards			Average SAP Rating	
		Percentage	Percentage	Costs		
				Average (£)		Total (£M)
Owner-occupied	3.5	30.3	1,200	1,150	49	
Private rented	11.3	39.7	2,500	280	46	
Local authority	2.9	18.5	300	50	58	
Housing association	3.0	12.5	300	20	63	
All tenures	4.1	21.4	1,200	1,510	50	

Source: Living in Wales 2008 – Reports on Housing Health and Safety Rating System and Energy Efficiency of Dwellings, Statistics for Wales, 2010

Note: 1. Figures are for occupied first homes only.

2. HHSRS refers to the Housing Health and Safety Rating System; the HHSRS assesses 29 categories of housing hazard, each has a weighting which determines whether the property is rated as having category 1 (serious) or category 2 (other) hazards.